

Government of Goa Department of Commercial Taxes Vikrikar Bhavan, Panaji Goa - 403001

Ph: 0832-2229430

Email: ho-ctax.goa@nic.in

CCT/26-4/2017-18/D/510

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CIRCUAR (No. 02/2020-21 - GST)

Subject: Clarification in respect of certain challenges faced by the registered persons in implementation of provisions of GST Laws-reg.

Circular No. 01/2020-21 - GST, dated 16.06.2020 had been issued to clarify doubts regarding relief measures taken by the Government for facilitating taxpayers in meeting the compliance requirements under various provisions of the Goa Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (hereinafter referred to as the "Goa GST Act") on account of the measures taken to prevent the spread of Novel Corona Virus (COVID-19). It has been brought to the notice of the Commissioner that certain challenges are being faced by taxpayers in adhering to the compliance requirements under various other provisions of the Goa GST Act which also need to be clarified.

2. The issues raised have been examined and in order to ensure uniformity in the implementation of the provisions of the law across the field formations, the Commissioner, in exercise of its powers conferred under section 168(1) of the Goa GST Act hereby clarifies as under:

S. No.	Issue	Clarification
1.	An advance is received by a supplier for a Service contract which subsequently got cancelled. The supplier has issued the invoice before supply of service and paid the GST thereon. Whether he can claim refund of tax paid or is he required to adjust his tax	In case GST is paid by the supplier on advances received for a future event which got cancelled subsequently and for which invoice is issued before supply of service, the supplier is required to issue a "credit note" in terms of section 34 of the Goa GST Act. He shall declare the details of such credit notes in the return for the month during which such credit note has been issued. The tax liability shall be adjusted in the return subject to conditions of section 34 of the Goa GST Act. There is no need to file a separate refund claim. However, in cases where there is no output liability against which a credit note can be



liability in his returns?

adjusted, registered persons may proceed to file a claim under "Excess payment of tax, if any" through FORM GST RFD-01.

2. An advance received by supplier for Service contract which got cancelled subsequently. supplier has issued receipt voucher and paid the GST on such advance received. Whether can claim refund of tax paid on advance or he is required to adjust his tax liability in his returns?

In case GST is paid by the supplier on advances received for an event which got cancelled subsequently and for which no invoice has been issued in terms of section 31 (2) of the Goa GST Act, he is required to issue a "refund voucher" in terms of section 31 (3) (e) of the Goa GST Act read with rule 51 of the Goa GST Rules.

The taxpayer can apply for refund of GST paid on such advances by filing FORM GST RFD-01 under the category "Refund of excess payment of tax".

Goods supplied by a supplier under cover of a tax invoice are returned by the recipient. Whether he can claim refund of tax paid or is he required to adjust tax liability in his returns?

In such a case where the goods supplied by a supplier are returned by the recipient and where tax invoice had been issued, the supplier is required to issue a "credit note" in terms of section 34 of the Goa GST Act. He shall declare the details of such credit notes in the return for the month during which such credit note has been issued. The tax liability shall be adjusted in the return subject to conditions of section 34 of the Goa GST Act. There is no need to file a separate refund claim in such a case.

However, in cases where there is no output liability against which a credit note can be adjusted, registered persons may proceed to file a claim under "Excess payment of tax, if any" through FORM GST RFD-01.

4. Letter of Undertaking (LUT) furnished for the purposes of zero-rated supplies as

Notification No. CCT/26-2/2017-18/13/3048 dated 11.10.2017, requires <u>LUT</u> to be furnished for a financial year. However, in terms of notification No. 38/1/2017-Fin(R&C)(148), dated 5th June 2020, where the requirement under the GST

per provisions section 16 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 read with rule 96A of the Goa GST Rules has expired on 31.03.2020. Whether registered person can still make a zero-rated supply on such LUT and

refund

claim

on

IGST?

accordingly or does he have

refund of such

make such supplies payment

and claim

of Law for furnishing of any report, document, return, statement or such other record falls during between the period from 20.03.2020 29.06.2020, has been extended till 30.06.2020.

Therefore, in terms of Notification No. 38/1/2017-Fin(R&C)(148), dated 5th June 2020, time limit for filing of LUT for the year 2020-21 shall stand extended to 30.06.2020 and the taxpayer can continue to make the supply without payment of tax under LUT provided that the FORM GST RFD-11 for 2020-21 is furnished on or before 30.06.2020. Taxpayers may quote the reference no of the LUT for the year 2019-20 in the relevant documents.

While making the 5. payment recipient, amount equivalent to one per cent was deducted as per the provisions of section 51 of Goa Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 i. e. Tax Deducted at Source (TDS). Whether the date of deposit of such payment has also been extended vide Notification 38/1/2017-Fin(R&C) (148), dated 5th June 2020?

As per notification No. 38/1/2017-Fin(R&C)(148), dated 5th June 2020, where the timeline for any compliance required as per sub-section (3) of section 39 and section 51 of the Goa Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 falls during the period from 20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020, the same has been extended till 30.06.2020. Accordingly, the due date for furnishing of return in FORM GSTR-7 along with deposit of tax deducted for the said period has also been extended till 30.06.2020 and no interest under section 50 shall be leviable if tax deducted is deposited by 30.06.2020.



As per section 54 (1), a person is required to make application before expiry two years from the relevant date. If in a particular case, date for making an application refund expires on 31.03.2020, can such person make an application for refund before 29.07.2020?

As per notification No. 38/1/2017-Fin(R&C)(148), dated 5th June 2020, where the timeline for any compliance required as per sub-section (1) of section 54 of the Goa Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 falls during the period from 20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020, the same has been extended till 30.06.2020. Accordingly, the due date for filing an application for refund falling during the said period has also been extended till 30.06.2020.

4. Difficulty, if any, in the implementation of the above instructions may please be brought to the notice of the undersigned.



(Hemant Kumar, IAS) Commissioner State Tax, Goa

Note: Similar circular is issued under Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 by the GST Policy wing, Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs, Department of Revenue, Ministry of Finance, GOI, New Delhi vide Circular no. 137/07/2020-GST dated 13th April, 2020.